ORGANIC AGRICULTURE Industry Trade Ltd. Company

KAPAR[®]MFF Mediterranean Fruit Fly Traps KAPAR[®]SC Scarab Beetle Pheromone Traps

KAPAR® Pheromone Traps against Warehouse Pest Moths

KAPAR®OFM Pheromone Traps in Oriental Fruit Moth Control

KAPAR®TL Pheromone Traps in Tomato Leafminer Control

KAPAR[®]CM Codling Moth Traps KAPAR[®] The Plum Fruit Moth

Acorn moth KAPAR®CFF Pheromone Traps in European Cherry Fruit Fly Control

KAPAR®WST White Sticky Trap in Fruit Sawflies

Forest Pests KAPAR®RPW Red Palm Weevil Pheromone Traps KAPAR®EGM European Grapevine Moth Traps KAPAR®YST Yellow Sticky Trap Fighting flies in the greenhouse without pesticides KAPAR®BST Blue Sticky Trap in Thrips Control Sticky UV-Light Traps KAPAR®BB Bark Beetles Pheromone Traps KAPAR®BB Pheromone Traps in Bark Beetle Control

KAPAR®CB Cotton Bollworm Pheromone Traps KAPAR®OLM Olive Leaf Moth Pheromone Traps KAPAR®OM Olive Moth Pheromone Traps KAPAR®OFF Olive Fruit Fly Trap KAPAR®PTM Potato Tuber Moth Pheromone Traps





ORGANIC AGRICULTURE

Industry Trade Ltd. Company

BIOTECHNICAL CONTROL

WITH PEST INSECTS

Pheromone traps are used in mass catch and diversion techniques to determine the time of control. KAPAR®IPSTYP, KAPAR®ORTERO AND OTHER FOREST PESTS



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PHEROMONE TRAPS KAPAR®IPSTYP, KAPAR ®ORTERO AND OTHER FOREST PESTS

Eight-spined spruce bark beetle: Ips typographus

Mediterranean pine engraver beetle: Orthotomicus erosus

Six-spined engraver beetle: Ips sexdendatus

European firengraver beetles: Pityokteines curvidens

Mouthparts of the bark beetle: lps acuminatus

Because of their high reproductive energy, insects can multiply in a short time and threaten trees, groups of trees and even a whole forest. Bark beetles, butterflies and leaf bees are the most common and damaging insect species in the forests of our country. Bark beetles kill the tree due to the damage they cause to the bark and cambium and therefore pose a major threat to the forests of our country.

Chemical control in forest areas is not preferred because it harms the

ecosystem and other beneficial organisms in nature. For this reason, control is provided by using pheromone traps without harming other living things and the environment.

Usage and Storage Conditions of Pheromone Traps:

- Scandinavian type three funnel traps, six funnel traps, radiator type traps, bucket type traps are used to control pests in forest areas.
- The traps are hung at a height of 1.5-2 m above the ground on a wooden or metal inverted L-shaped stake that is firmly anchored in the soil.
- Traps are hung at a distance from healthy trees.
- Traps should be checked frequently and insect catching chambers should be emptied.
- The pheromone bag is hung from the hook at the top of the trap

through the hole in the bag without opening or drilling.

- Pheromones should be hung using gloves, without touching them with bare hands.
- The effect period of pheromones is 10-15 weeks. During these periods, the pheromone is renewed. A new one is added next to the old pheromone bag.
- The species-specific pheromones don't have a negative impact on other insects in nature.
- Pheromones can be stored in their original pack at -18 degrees Celsius until the expiration date.







